REPUBLICAN DELEGATES.

TO THE STATE CONVENTION. Besolutions Renominating Gov. Roosevelt Adopted in Several Districts-Dr. Depew's District Commends the Governor's Refusal to Run for Vice-President.

The Republican Assembly District Convention for the election of delegates to the State Convention to be held in this city on April 17. at which a new State Committee and delegates-at-large to the National Convention will be elected, were held last evening. There was no excitement at any of the conventions, and even the nomination of McKinley as an alternate in the Fourteenth district did not arouse much stir. President Lemuel Ely Quigg of the Republican County Committee was elected a delegate from his home district, the Nineteenth, which his enemies have said they could carry against him on any pro osition. He received ninetyeight votes out of a total of 100 in the convention. As usual, he had cast an anchor to windward by getting elected in the First district,

Throughout the county the utmost enthusiasm was aroused by the mention of the names of McKinley and Roosevelt. Resolutions calling for their renomination were adopted in the Twelfth and Twenty-first districts. In the Twenty-ninth district resolutions were adopted commending Gov. Roosevelt for refusing to be a candidate for the Vice-Presidency, and

renominating him for Governor. It was expected that there would be a sharp conflict in the Twenty-first district between the Austinand the Gruber factions, but peace and harmony prevailed. One of Col. Gruber's lieuterants moved the resolutions indorsing the National and State Administrations, and one of Mr. Austin's men seconded them. They

one of Mr. Austin's men seconded them. They were adopted unanimously.

In the Twenty-flith district the Hon. Charles A. Hess flied a protest against the seating of Raiph W. Eops and John W. Coleman from the Fifth election district, on the ground that they were not elected legally. He wanted to have Christopher Stewart and James Mc-Anerny seated in their places, but neither of the contestants appeared at the convention, and Mr. Hess withdrew his protest. These are the delegates and alternates chosen:

Dist. Delegates.

Alternates.

Antonio Daies

2. Denis Shea.

Rosenberg.

Daniel Isola. iichael Saminsky. rederick Haldy. omkins Mclivaine.

Richard Van Cott.
Jours C. Wolf.
Villiam H. Guy.
ornellus Van Cott.
bhn McKeever.
erry L. Burnett,
leas L. Van Alla. Henry L. Burnett.
Lucas L. Van Allen.
George B. Deane.
Affred R. Conkling.
Hichael Cahill.
Gehard E. Taylor.
Hichael Cahill.

Clarence W. Mende.
Thomas J. Claric.
William H. Godwai
William H. Godwai
Constant J. Sperco.
Berjamin F. Fox.
Jec. b. C. Brand.
Jenniah J. Suillyan.
Jenniah J. Suillyan.
Louis Fredericks.
John Hildebrandt.
John Hildebrandt.
John Hildebrandt.

dichael Gassman. John E. Windolph. John E. Wilmon.
Edmund C. Lee.
Frank H. Graf.
Jacob Fowler.
John Stebling.
John Sabine Smith.
Michael Kopp.
Michael Kopp.
Lisaac Schloss.
John Gebhard.
Weissberget.

Charles Buermann.
Hernan Joveshof.
James L Lowry.
William Corbitt
Samuel Gottschalk.
James P, Pegnan.
Joseph Weber.
Robert W. Arnold.
Hernan L Sahrader.
Geo. W. Wanmaker.
Charles E. Mott.
Samuel Cohn.
William McGuilland.
George Hilliard.
Chas. M Jeroloman.
Samuel S. Koenig.
William Volkel
John Heisenweber.
Ghes Wanmaker.
Mort' M. O'Suillvan.
Taomas McGinniss.
William J. Cobb.
Tetence F. McGowan
William J. Cobb
Tetence F. McGowan
William Henkel.
William J. Cobb
Tetence F. McGowan
William Gartison.
Gustav J. Voss.
Bryan McKinley.
Robert Loud.
John James J. McCourt.
John James J. McCourt.
John Starley.
John Jebrard.
Anton Weissberger.
James J. McCourt.
John Jerone Gartison.
Gustav J. Voss.
Signand W. Kohn.
Adam Gernand.
Ignated Tetencher.
Peter Bresnan, Sr.
Sigmund W. Kohn.
Adam Gernand.
Joseph H. Halght.
Peter D. Flacher.
Peter Drisard.
John J. Voss.
Joh

Tetence F. McGowan August Wall.
William F. Searing.
Grorge R. Bidwell.
Lemuel E. Quige.
Frank Thiford.
Frank M. Kohler.
Charles F. Bruder.
Frank Braimard.
Charles T. Willis.
Richard Shepard, Jr. Silas. C. Hay.
Richard Shepard, Jr. William J. Smith.
J. C. Pumpelly.
Edward E. Doonan.
Frank Hooper.
Frank Hooper.
Frank Hooper.

Richard Shepard, J. William S. Sink.

20. Edward E. Doonan.
Robert Todd.
F. Norton Goddard.
Harry Couchman.
Harry Couchman.
Abraham Gruber.
P. W. Martin.
John F. Carler.
John F. Carler.
John C. Dorland.
Frederick E. Wood.
Charles L. Hunter.
A. C. Dankis.
Thomas H. M. Carrick Morris Manasse.
George B. Graham.
Counties K. Lexow.
Jacob Kahn.
William R. Willcox.
Lonned J. Obermeler. Samuel Hess.
Lonned J. Obermeler. Samuel Hess. Mores M. Merker
Newell Martin
Julius M. Mayer.
Ellis B. Southworth
F. S. Porter.
Collin H. Woodward
Smith Pine.
Winded Stephenson,
Joseph Willon,
Joseph Willon,
Joseph McEntyre.

Harry King
Edward Cookling
Edward Schevick
Edward Cook
Evolution
Evo

Nathaniel A. Elisberg, Robert C. Morris, Edward G. Brown.
Anson G. McCook.
Edward G. Brown.
Sam Thomas.
M. J. Jackson.
De Lancey Carter.
William Newman.
Adolphus Reimond.
Max Friedman
Henry C. Botty.
Christian Goetz
Henry C. Botty.
Christian Goetz
Henry C. Botty.
William Sheier.
Walter Watkins.
Hernard Waiters, Jr.
William H. Sage.
William H. Sage.
William A. Charles.
Louis Garting.
John Steeb.
John D. Walton.
Max D. Quatman.
Leward C. Beacherer.
Charles Lyon. dward C. Beacherer, Cl saac Newman Max Landman. Villiam Voikiand. Charles M. Schwartz

William Voikiand.
Morris Levy.
Emil Labes beiner.
Frederick Horn.
Richard Carter
Francis Raymond.
John H. Carnell.
Sigmund Kahn.
Charles Wines.
Charles Wines.
William H. Ten Eyek. A. S. Coffin.
John F. Morrisey.
William F. Bettel.
Mase E. Cohen.
Levy.
Lams A. O'Hare.
Francis L. Collins.
Leave Diamond.
John G. Collens.
Levy.
Tomas A. O'Hare.
Francis L. Collins.
Leave Diamond.
John H. Carnell.
Mase E. Cohen.
Levy.
Lams A. O'Hare.
Francis L. Collins.
Leave.
Lams Collins.
Levy.
Lams A. O'Hare.
Francis L. Collins.
Levy.
Lams A. Collins. foling F. Morrissey.
William F. Bettel.
Tareiner B. Lester.
Henry E. Eddy.
Jacob Hussicker
William F. O Brien.
William J. Ashman.
George A. Haupt.
E. H. Brien.

William J. Ashman. George A. Haupt.
E. It. Hridy.
W. E. Adrews.
W. E. Adrews.
W. E. Adrews.
A. S. Dominick.
Frank Von Beespon.
Henry N. Greene.
S. L. Brooke.
C. W. Schmidtke.
P. C. Schaeffer.
Rufus R. Randall.
Charles A. Reed.
George H. Haupt.
Lawrence L. Lawrence L. D.
George H. Taylor, Jr.

All in Favor of Renominating Roosevelt. Republicans in Nassau and Queens counties elected delegates to the Congressional and State conventions yesterday. There were no contests and all the delegates chosen are said to be organization men. It is understood that they are all heartly in favor of a renomination for Roosevelt.

UPROAR OVER WOODRUFF. Buttling Protests Against Indorsing Him for Vice-President.

The Republican Congressional conventions in Brooklyn for the election of delegates and alternates to the National Convention at Philadelphia were held last night, with this result:

al, Delegates.

den. Wm. C. Wallace.
Andrew Jacobs.
Charles A. Moore.
George E. Waldo.
Adolph Kiendl.
Edward P. Morse.
Francis F. Williams.
William C. Bryant.
James R. Howe.
Harry Jacquillard.

John Drescher.

John Drescher.

6. James R. Howe. George R. Manno.
Harry Jacquillard. Joha Drescher.

The convention in the Second district was the most lively, the defeat of George H. Roberts.
Jr., the chairman of the Republican City Committee, in his long-cherished ambition to go to the Philadelphia convention, acting as a disturbing factor. The candidates put in nomination were Gen., William C. Wallace, andrew Jacobs, William Berri, Dr. George W. Brush and James F. Fuller. It was announced that Mr. Roberts had retired in favor of Mr. Berri, but this did not add much to Mr. Berri, but this did not add much to Mr. Berri, but this did not add much to Mr. Berri's strength, as he only received 92 votes to 245 cast for Wallace and 184 for Jacobs Brush got 18 and Fuller 12.
Resolutions indorsing Lieut. Gov. Woodruff for the Vice-Presidential nomination were offered at the close of the meeting. The resolutions were greeted with loud cheers but there were discordant shouts. Amid agreat uproar, Eugene F. Travis, the chairman, declared the resolution unanimously adopted. As he did so former Sheriff William J. Buttling, who was a delegate from the Fitch ward, jumped up and protested against the chairman's action, demanding to be heard in opposition to the resolution and to be recorded against it. A few other delegates also joined Buttling in his protest, but they were all howled down, and for a few minutes there was a scene of intense excitement. At the height of the tumuit the chairman shouted to an Eleventh ward delegate to move an adjournment. Several motions to that effect were promptly offered and the chairman declared them carried and hurried from the platform, leaving the ex-Sheriff still declaring against the injustice of the proceeding. Buttling then forced his way through the throng of angry delegates right up to the platform, and shaking Chairman Travis by the hand, sattrically congratulated him on his "fairness" as a presiding officer. On his way out of the hall Buttling explained that he wanted an opportunity to stand up and boldly declar

presented at the other conventions and adopted without opposition.

An unexpected contest over delegates occurred in the Third district convention. It had been generally conceded that the delegates would be Charles A. Moore, a personal friend of President McKinley, and George E. Waldo, the Records Commissioner. To the surprise of everybody concerned, Col. Michael J. Dady announced last night that he was in the race. Walter B. Atterbury, the Chairman of the County Committee, explained that he was friendly to Mr. Dady, but that he could not support him because he had promised long ago to support Mr. Moore and Mr. Waldo. When the vote was taken it resulted as follows: Moore, 286; Waldo, 193; Dady, 178.

So Is Goddard-First Appeal to the Courts

in the Fight. It was declared with great positiveness yesterday by the partisans of Mr. Hess in the Twelfth Congress district that when the convention for the election of delegates to the National Convention was held on Thursday evening he would get fifty-seven votes to fifty-two for Capt. F. Nor-ton Goddard. It was said that these figures were official. Mr. Hess is very confident of going to Philadelphia as a delegate. So is Capt. God-

Lawrence P. Harlan, a Hess man in Capt count of the vote at the primaries in the Fourth election district. The vote stood 26 for Harlan and 27 for Frank Skifflington, the Godderd candidate. A ballot for Harlan which had been marked was thrown out as defective. Harlan says it should have been counted for him. He contends that the defective ballot law applies only to regular and not to primary elections. The hearing in the case has been set for to-day before Justice Freedman.

Bellingham Bay this alternoon and found an audience of about 15,000 awaiting him at the Christian Athletic Grounds. After announcing that he had already made three speeches during the forenoon he began his fourth and spoke for more than two hours. He said that he had come to Puget Sound to encourage his Fusion brethren after their recent defeat by the Republicans in Seattle. His speech was a repetition of his old addresses. To-night he is the guest of leading Pusionists at a dollar dinner and is down for two more speeches before retiring for much needed rest.

THE GREATER TROY BILL.

Democrats Contend That It Is Irregularly

Before the Legislature for Repassage. ALBANY, April 2 .- A delegation of Trojans, consisting of former Mayor Francis J. Molloy, Edward Murphy, 2d, William J. Roche, Joseph W. Coffey, Joseph F. Hogan, John T. Norton They contend that the old is regularly teriors the Legislature. It was passed by the Senate and Assembly some days ago and sent to Troy for action by the local authorities, according to the Constitution. Mayor Conway Troy for action by the local authorities, according to the Constitution. Mayor Conway at proved the bill and called a special meeting of the Common Council to give that body an opportunity to express itself on the measure. In the Common Council the eight Democrats desired action postposed until next Friday afternoon. One of the five Republicans, however, made a motion to approve the bill. The clerk refused to call the roll, and thereupon the Mayor called it, recording the five Republicans for and the eight Democrats against the bill, although the latter refused to vote at all, and returned the bill to the Legislature marked disapproved by the Common Council. The delegation recited these events to the Governor and argued that the Mayor had no legal right to compel the Common Council to act on the measure when a majority of its members did not desire to do so at that time, having until Friday next under the fifteen-day period given by the Constitution in which to take such action. The Mayor desired to get the bill back to the Legislature for repassage over the veto of the Common Council before final adjournment, which would have been impossible had the bill been kept until Friday next. The Governor said that he could not set a date for a hearing until the Legislature again had taken action on the bill.

CLEVELAND STRIKE GROWS,

Nearly 4.000 Men There Now Idle With CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 2.-Something like 3,900 men are on a strike in the city now. By to-morrow noon it is possible that this number will be increased to 6.000. Of those now on a strike about 2,000 are machinists, 300 plumbers, 200 iron workers' helpers, 125 lathers and 100 gashouse employees. The carpenters are in session to-night, and will decide the question before they addourn. They number 2,000. At least 2,000 other men, laborers and helpers, who are not strikers are thrown out of work because of the strike. The plumbers demand a wage scale of \$3.50 a day. They have been getting \$3 a day. Not a plumber remained at work in the city to-day. Every lather in the city struck to-day for an increase of wages. Lay have been getting 25 cents a yard for piece work and \$2.50 a day. They demand \$3 a day and 3 cents a yard. Carriage workers want a uniform nine-hour day. The wages are \$2.50 a day. There are between two hundred and three hundred carriage workers in the city, who would be riage workers in the city who would be affected should a strike be declared. The painters met to-night and decided to strike at once. Chairman Reynolds of the Machinist- Executive Committee said to-day that he expected important developments on Thesday, when O'Connell reached the city.

THE ALBANY LAWMAKERS. THE TENEMENT COMMISSION BILL.

TRIVIAL DISCUSSIONS TAKE UP THE TIME OF THE SENATE. Mayor Van Wyck's Veto of the Teachers' Salary Schedule Bill Received - The

Palisades Commission Named - Both Houses Elect Father Hendrick a Regent. ALBANY, April 2 .- Owing to long discussions on trivial parliamentary questions, the Senate to-night was unable to proceed with the consideration of its regular calendar. The minority was mainly responsible for this situation. and the Republican leaders allowed Senator Grady to take up almost the entire time of the session in his discussion of these trivial points

to the exclusion of the regular business. Mayor Van Wyck's veto of the New York City Schoolteachers' Salary Schedule bill was received by the Senate. The hill and the veto message were referred to the Cities Committee. There appears to be no reason to doubt that the Senate and Assembly will pass this bill over the Mayor's veto.

Gov. Roosevelt sent to the Senate the names of the members of the New York State Commission which is to act with the New Jersey Commission in establishing an interstate commission in establishing an interstate park and thus preserve the scenic beauty of the Pallsades. The members of the commission from this State are: George Walbridge Perkins of New York city, term five years; D. McNeely Stauffer of Yonkers, four years; J. Dupratt White, three years; Raiph Trautmann of New York city, two years; Nathan F. Barrett of New Rochelle, one year. The nominations were referred to the Finance Committee and will be confirmed in a day or two.

Barrett of New Rochelle, one year. The nominations were referred to the Finance Committee and will be confirmed in a day or two.

Assemblyman Henry's bill, enabling New York city to establish a consumptive hospital, was received for concurrence in the Senate tonight, ordered to a third reading and referred to the Cities Committee.

The Assembly passed Mr. Roche's bill enabling the Board of Police Commissioners of New York city to rehear the charges against William Strauss, a former police captain, for reinstatement. Strauss was dismissed by the Police Board of which Gov. Roosevelt was President. The charge against him was that of altering the records of the police blotter in his precinct. Messrs. Davis and Slater were the only members recorded against the bill.

By a vote of 83 to 50, the Assembly passed Senator Elsberg's bill, defining the powers of Supt. John McCullagh of the Metropolitan elections district, in regard to perjury by winesses. The Democrats opposed the bill.

Action on the State Board of Charities bills was again deferred in the Assembly to-night. Mr. Green (Dem., New York city) who is looking after Commodore Elbridge T. Gerry's interests, began the fight in opposition to the bills by rising to a point of order. He contended that both bills were improperly printed, as the new matter was not underscored according to the rules of the House. The Commodore was in the chamber, standing outside the railing, and he listened attentively for the decision.

Speaker Nixon ruled that the bill making private charitable institutions subject to the visitation and inspection over the Gerry society and requiring the society to furnish an annual report. It was found that one new word had not been underscored, and the right of visitation and inspection over the Gerry society and requiring the society for furnish an annual report. It was found that one new word had not been underscored, and the bill will have to be reprinted.

The other bill was debated for a short time, but was laid aside without action.

Senator

troduced senator ringuins gave notice that as some future time he would move to suspend the rules so that the bill could be advanced and passed without reference. Senator Grady raised the point that the notice could not be made under the existing order of business. After some discussion the notice was withdrawn and introduced in the regular order of business.

cleetion district. The vote stood 26 for Harlan and 27 for Frank Skiffington, the Goddard candidate. A ballot for Harlan which had been marked was thrown out as defective. Harlan says it should have been counted for him. He contends that the defective hallot law applies only to regular and not to primary elections. The hearing in the case has been set for to-day before Justice Freedman.

A NEW POPULIST NIGHTMARE.

Trusis and Gold Bugs Suspected in Oklaboma of Plotting Bryan's Murder.

Perry, O. T., April 2.—The Populist conventions of Oklaboma Territory are instructing their delegates to the Populist National Conventions at Sloux Falls to nominated William Jenning Bryan for President vacant to be filled by the Democratis at Kansas City. Their reason for this is that the nomination of a full tieget might result in the election of Bryan and a Republican would have to do to get hold the Republican would have to do to get hold the Republican would have to do to get hold the Republican would be to sassistant Bryan, which Oklahoma Populists sar they believe would be done by the trusts and gold bugs.

COL. BRYAN AT SEATTLE.

He is Trying to Encourage the Pusionists After Their Recent Defeat.

Seattle, Wash., April 2.—Col. Bryan returned to Seattle from his trip to the cities on Bellingham Bay this afternoon and found an addence of about 15,000 awaiting him at the Christian Athletic Grounds. After announcing that the head already wande three spreches during the Christian Athletic Grounds. After announcing that the head already wande three spreches during the Court of the lambour of the Elmina State Hoogston of Course and Thomas O'Donnell of New York eity, who was a former member, of New York eity, who was a former member, of New York eity, who was a former member.

Mr. Roche introduced a resolution of respect to the memory of the late Thomas O'Donnell of New York city, who was a former naember. It was adopted by a rising vote and the Assembly adjourned.

Bills Signed by the Governor. ALBANY, April 2.-Gov. Roosevelt has signed

the following bills: Mr. Ahearn's, changing the name of the Justices Court in Troy to the City Court in Troy and in-creasing the court's jurisdiction. Mr. McKwan's, authorizing the Executive Board of the American Baptist Home Missionary Society to an's, appropriating \$25,000 for a mono-oxidyn to the memory of the prisoners of hind in shire in New York Harbor during sprinting \$25,000 for a monu-

ment to Brooklyn the American Revolution.

Senator Brackett's, creating a public improvement commission in Waterford.

Senator Elsberg's, authorizing the Board of Senator Elsberg's, authorizing the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of New York city to allow the claim of William G. Kirikand, Charles W. Boarden, William C. Hart, M. Beatrice Herrison and Stane, William C. Hart, M. Beatrice Herrison and and William Hutton, Jr., to-day requested
Gov. Roosevelt to take no action on the Greater
Troy bill until the representatives of Troy
could be heard before him on the measure,
They contend that the bill is irregularly before
the Legislature. It was passed by the Senate
the Legislature, and land and suffer of Land Office to convey such lands to the Government.
Senator Eisberg's, increasing from \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000 the maximum amount at which a title guarantee company may capitalize.
An Powier's, amending the charter of Jamestown guarantee company hay capitalize.
Ar. Fowler's, amending the charter of Jamestown relative to the number of Supervisors.
Ar. Kelsey's, amending the Public Health law relative to the Quarantine Commission and the health other at the port of New York by more clearly defining their respective powers and duties.
Ar. Alide's, appropriating \$51,304 for new buildings and improvements to the New York State Woman's Relief Corps' Home at Oxford.

The Horton Law Repeat Bill Signed. ALBANY, April 2 .- Gov. Roosevelt to-day signed the bill introduced by Assemblyman M. E. Lewis of Rochester, repealing the Horton boxing law of 1896. The law goes into effect sept. 1 next. Up until that time the boxing bouts which have been prevalent in New York city during the past three years may continue.

Court of Appeals Calendar. ALBANY, April 2.—Court of Appeals Calendar for to-morrow: Nos. 416, 454, 352, 376, 891, 765, 464 and 466.

The Weather.

There was a moderate depression passing over th Lake regions yesterday, causing showery weather in northern Obio, northern Pennsylvania and northern New York. Elsewhere the weather was fair. The ing were in the Dakoias and northern Minnesotae The lowest was 24 degrees at Bismarck. Light frost was reported in Virginia and the Carolinas. In this city the day was fair and slightly warmer average humidity, 78 per cent; wind southeast; aver-2.000 are machinists, 300 plumbers, 200 iron age velocity, 18 miles an hour; barometer, corrected to read to sea level, at 8 A. M., 30,04; 5 P. M., 30,00,

The temperature as recorded by the official therstreet level, is shown in the annexed table: -Official Sun's -Official S 1900, 1899, 1900, 1900, 1899, 1 9 A. M. 45 35 48 6 P. M.50 389 12 M. .55 38 53 9 P. M.45 34° 3 P. M.51° 37° 55° 12 Mid. 44° 33°

WASHINGTON PORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW. For New England, eastern New York and New Jersey, showers, followed by fair to-day; to brisk south

ulads; Wednesday, fair.
For the District of Columbia, eastern Pennsylvania. belaware, Maryland and Virginia, fair to-day, cloudy Wednesday: fresh southwest winds, becoming varia-

For we tern Penn-yivania and western New York. The sday, when O'Connell reached the city, its looked for an early settlement of the looked for an early settlement of the shifting to fresh east.

Gov. Roosevelt Sends a Message to the Legislature Urging Its Passage.

ALBANY, April 2.-Gov. Roosevelt to-night submitted to the Legislature a special message urging the passage of the bill which appropri- | Nearly Two Thousand Men Out in Westates \$10,000 to pay the expenses of a commission, to be appointed by the Governor, to investigate the New York city tenement house problem and to recommend legislation which will remedy the existing conditions. In his message the Governor says:

"There is before you a measure for the establishment of a tenement house commission to look into the whole subject of the proper construction of tenement houses in the congested districts of our great cities of the first class. I carnestly hope that this bill may be enacted into law. It is probable that there is not, and has not been, before your body a measure of more real importance to the welfare of those who are least able to protect themselves, and whom we should especially guard from the effects of their own helplessness and from the rapacity of those who would prey upon them. There was held this year in New York a tenement house exhibition, showing by maps and models the dreadful conditions which we are now striving to remedy, and the shape that the remedy should take. One of the most striking features at this exhibit was the series of charts which showed the way in which disease, crime and pauperism

take. One of the most striking features at this exhibit was the series of charts which showed the way in which disease, crime and pauperism increased, almost in geometrical proportion as the conditions of tenement house life became worse—that is, as to overcrowding are added the evils of want of air, of light, of cleanliness, of comfort, in short, of all the decencies of life. These decencies are of course indispensable if good citizenship is to be made possible.

"The tenement house in its worst shape is a festering sore in the civilization of our great cities. We cannot be excused if we fail to cut out this ulcer; and our failure will be terribly avenged, for by its presence it inevitably poissons the whole body politic and social. At present in New York the conditions are in some respects worse, not better, than they were a few years ago, because now the authorities permit the erection of huge buildings, which, though less disrebutable in appearance than the old tenement houses, are, because of their immense mass and inferior light and airshafts, worse from a hygienic standpoint.

"Two classes of people are interested in perpetuating the present infamous conditions, viz.; the class that owns the tenement houses and the class that owns the tenement houses and the class that owns the tenement houses and the class that owns the tenement houses owners and the best builders do not desire to perpetuate these conditions, but it is imperative to protect them from the competition of their less conscientious rivals. Against this concrete and mercenary hostility to the needed reform we can marshal only the general sentiment for decent and cleanly living and for fair play to all our citizens. Too often the sufferer himself is dumb, either because he does not know what remedy to advocate. In his interest, and in the interest of the State, whose standard of citizenship in the future is partly dependent upon the housing of children in the tenement house districts of the present, we should see to the improvement of the cond

AMATEUR FENCERS COMPETE.

Hot Bouts at the New York A. C. in Na tional Championship Trials.

Ambitious and clever fencers who have vet to earn championship honors met last night at the New York A. C. in the qualifying trials of the annual championship meeting of the Amateur Fencers' League of America and Amateur Athletic Union. Those who have won prizes at previous national contests were not required to take part, but judging by

The strikers of both unions established head-quarters at 110 East 125th street in the office of General Master Workman Parsons of the Knights of Labor, who got up the ridigulous Amateur Athletic Union. Those who have won prizes at previous national contests were order that they might know how to figure on work on allowed one or two competitors who came within a fraction of the stipulated points to be included in the list of elizibles.

J. Allaire of the New York Turn Verein was in great form with the foil and defeated every one of the other contestants. W. D. Lyon of the New York A. C. and Dr. G. A. Lawrence, Fencer's Club, who were only defeated by Allaire, also qualified.

In the duelling swords no one scored the necessary 60 per cent. of the 12 points, but the committee declared that C. F. Tatham, Fencers' Club, 7 points; W. D. Lyon, New York A. C., 7 points, and C. A. Villaverde, International F. C., 6 points, qualified.

Form as well as touches was considered in deciding the merit of the competitors with the sabres. Those who received the judge's award as qualified for the finals being J. L. Erving, Fencers' Club; Dr. E. Breck, unattached, and F. A. Smith, New York A. C. The bouts with the single stick were the liveliest of the evening, and many hard blows were administered that stung the recipients through their padded suits.

The bouts with the single stick were the liveliest of the evening, and many hard blows were administered that stung the recipients through their padded suits.

The bouts between Erving and Pope and Allaire and Siazenger were particularly fierce. The men who qualified were F. L. Slazenger, New York A. C.; J. L. Erving, Fencers' Club, and J. Allaire, New York T. V.

TOUK POISON IN PROSPECT BARK

TOOK POISON IN PROSPECT PARK. Mrs. Bebecca Goldsmith Commits Suicide -Husband Doesn't Know Why.

A woman, who was not at first identified, committed suicide about 2 o'clock vesterday afternoon by swallowing carbolic acid in the shelter house near the flower garden in Prospect Park, Brooklyn. A call was sent to the Seney Hospital for an ambulance, but before it arrived she was dead. The woman was apparently about 25 years old, was short and of parently about 25 years old, was shore and of dark complexion. She wore a wedding ring on which was engraved "J. E. to R. E., 2-25-94." Her clothing was inexpensive. The acid had been bought in Koempel's drug store at 763 Bedford avenue.

Late last night the woman was identified at the Morgue as Rebecca Goldsmith, wife of Joseph Goldsmith, a butcher, of 134 North Portland avenue. Goldsmith said they had been married six years and had a child five

been married six years and had a child five years old. When his wife left home yesterday morning she said she was going to the bakery and would return shortly. This was the last he saw of her. He knew of no reason why she should kill herself.

"HYOMEI"



KILLS THE GERMS.

Ten Minutes Four Times a Day will cure Catarrh, Bronchitis and Asthma. Ten Minutes Every Hour will cure Consumption and Pneumonia.

or Croup. Five Minutes at any Time will cure a Cough. Your Money Refunded if it

Ten Minutes at Bedtime will cure a Cold

Fails.

Complete Outn. \$1.00. Trial Outnt, 25c. Send for five days' treatment free, THE R. T. BOOTH CO., Ithaca, N. Y. STRIKES IN THE SUBURBS.

DEMANDS OF THE BUILDING TRADES UNIONS REFUSED.

chester County-Italian Laborers Join

the Strikers-Carpenters and Painters Quit Work at Newark-Other Strikes. MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., April 2 .- It was said at noon to-day that less than one-third of the employers in Westchester county had signed the new wage scale presented to them by the various unions composing the building trades The strikers number nearly two thousand carpenters, plumbers, steam fitters, painters and plasterers in Mount Vernon, Yonkers, New Rochelle and Port Chester. They established headquarters in Mount Vernon, Yonkers and New Rochelle and pickets were sent to all of the railway and trolley stations to meet incoming laborers and warn them to keep away Among the larger buildings in Westchester county affected by the strike are the Port Chester High School, the new residence at Rye of President Clausen of the New York Park Board and the \$150,000 mansion of J. H. Mill-banks in Port Chester. Early this morning 300 italian laborers in Rye and Greenwich joined the strikers.

Nearly twelve hundred carpenters and painters went on strike in Newark vesterday for higher wages. The carpenters want \$3 a day, an increase of 50 cents. The painters demand that eight hours shall constitute a day's work and that the minimum pay shall be \$2.75 in the city, with half boarding expenses and full carfare with pay for time in transit while working outside of the city. They demand also double pay for time after 5 o'clock in the afternoon. A large number of the boss painters have signed the agreement, but others emphatically retruse. The carpenters demand \$3, day of eight hours, wages to be paid by the hour, and all overtime, holiday and Sunday work to be paid at double rates. They insist that no boss shall employ more than two boys and that boys must serve three years.

The Master Carpenters' Association refused to accede to the demands of the men, but offered as a compromise to pay \$2.75 a day. The carpenters said they would not go back to work under any other terms than their own. They found a dozen bosses willing to sign their agreement.

STRIKE A FIZZLE HERE.

Only One Man Struck on the Rapid Transit Job-Employers Yield.

The threatened strike of the members of the Safety Engineers and Rock Drillers unions for higher wages went into effect in this city yesterday, but was smaller even than had been expected, a large number of the employers having granted the demand at the last moment, There is very little difference between the work done by the rock drillers and safety engineers. although they have separate unions. They both work around the steam boilers and steam drills used for boring blast holes.

The strike on the Rapid Transit tunnel work at Bleecker street was confined to one man, an engineer named John Russell. He was in charge of a conveying engine and was ordered out by Walking Delegate William Cheetham of the Safety Fugineers' Union. He obeyed, but an hour later Contractor Pilkington agreed to pay the newly established prevailing rate of wages. Before he would let Russell return to work Cheetham wanted to know whether Mr. Pilkington would pay the newly established wages to fifteen men employed by him on a new school building at Madison avenue and 104th street. Pikington agreed to do so and the first strike on the subway work was at an

not required to take part, but judging by the skill shown by the majority of the competitors last night, the champions have hard work cut out to retain their titles. According to the rules, only those scoring 60 per cent of the highest possible points qualify, but the championship committee stretched the conditions slightly and allowed one or two competitors who came within a fraction of the stipulated points to be included in the list of eligibles. J. Allaire of the New York Turn Verein was in great form with the foil and defeated every one of the other contestants. W. D. Lyon of the skill statemer. Charles Wilson, Street cars trike last summer. Charles Wilson, President of the Safety Engineers' Charles Wilson, President of the Safety Engineers' Charles Wilson, and years of the Safety Engineers' Charles Wilson, President of the Safety Engine

strikes against his employment. Planz says in his application that he has been driven out of employment at times by the union ordering strikes of the men who worked along with him.

with him.

In denying the application Justice Jenks bases his decision on a precedent furnished by the English House of Lords in the case of Allan vs. Flood, which was rendered on Feb. 18-18-8. In this case the complainant said that he was driven out of employment by others refusing to work with him. Lord Watson in announcing the decision is quoted as saying: "It is in my opinion the absolute right of every working man to exercise his own opinion with regard to the persons in whose society he will agree or continue to work. They the workingment were not under any con-(the workingmen) were not under any con-tinuing agreement with their employers and if they had left their work, and gone out on a strike they would have been acting on their right whatever night have been thought of the propriety of their proceedings."

SHE CONOUERED FOUR PICKETS. Mary Kronin Grabbed Their Hats and Kept Them When They Annoyed Her.

Mary Kronin, who is employed by Krebe. Werthelmer & Schiffer, the cigar manufacturers whose employees are on strike, proved more than a match for four of the strike pickets yesterday morning. Mary is only 15 years old, but she is muscular and plucky. The girl works at the main factory of the firm in East Fifty-fourth street. She has hitherto turned a deaf ear to the persuasions of the pickets when they besought her to quit work and join the strikers.

Mary, whose home is at 78 North Pifth street, Williamsburg, started for the factory early yesterday morning, walking to the Grand Street Ferry. Shortly before the boat left the slip four women pickets tried to coax her to return home. Mary told them to mind their own business, whereupon the pickets called her names and shook their fists in her face. This angered Mary, who promptly produced from beneath her cloak a stout stick and dexterously knocked off the hats of all four pickets. These she collected and only surrendered when their owners promised never to molest her again. Mary missed a boat, but didn't mind it, and reached the factory in time for work. pickets yesterday morning. Mary is only 15

1,000 MEN THROWN OUT OF WORK. Strike of Helpers in the Air Brake Com pany's Works in Watertown.

WATERTOWN, N.Y., April 2 .- The New York Ale Brake Company closed its shops in this city to-night on account of a strike started on Saturday by the unskilled laborers. The laborers urday by the unskilled laborers. The laborers have been receiving \$1.25 a day and asked for \$1.50. The company on Saturday offered \$1.37\% to all men who signed an agreement that day. Most of the men refused to sign and on Sunday the Trade Assembly pledged its support to the strike. About three hundred men went out this morning and the company tried to keep its shops open, but the moulders and blacksmiths could do little work without helpers and it was impossible to get the work to the different departments. This afternoon the company decided to shut down the plant. About one thousand men are thrown out of employment. There are no indications of a speedy ployment. There are no indications of a speedy settlement of the trouble.

UNION MEN WITH HATCHETS. Cut Down a Scaffold on Which a Sub-Contractor Was Working.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., April 2.-About fifty union lathers struck to-day for more wages They were getting \$1 a thousand and now ask they were getting six thousand and now ask \$150. Six lathers returned a short time after they stopped work, and begged a sub-contractor named May to descend from the scaffold where he was working. When the union men saw that he would not quit they procured hateness and cut the supports of the scaffold which fell with a crash. May caught hold of a window sash and saved himself from injury.

Strike of Painters and Decorators in Troy TROY, N. Y., April 2.- The painters and decorators belonging to the local union No. 12 LITHIA WATER

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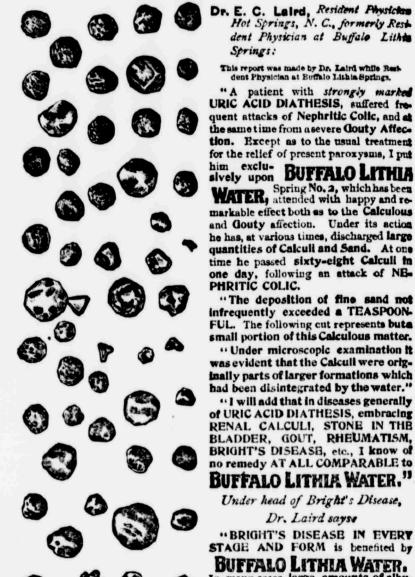
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A Powerful and the Only Known Solvent and Eliminator of Renal Calculi and Stone of the Bladder.

Its value in Gout, Rheumatism, Bright's Disease, and all Uric Acid conditions.



"Under microscopic examination it was evident that the Calculi were originally parts of larger formations which had been disintegrated by the water."

"I will add that in diseases generally of URIC ACID DIATHESIS, embracing RENAL CALCULI, STONE IN THE BLADDER, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, etc., I know of no remedy AT ALL COMPARABLE to Buffalo Lithia Water." Under head of Bright's Disease,

"The deposition of fine sand not

dent Physician at Buffale Lithts

A patient with strongly marked

Springs:

Dr. Laird says

"BRIGHT'S DISEASE IN EVERY STAGE AND FORM is benefited by

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER.
In many cases large amounts of albumen, epithelium, hyaline and granular casts entirely disappear from the urine under its action, while in those Under microscopic examination it was evident whose kidneys are too far gone to nope that the Calculi were originally parts of larger formations which had been disintegrated by the for permanent benefit, all those dis-In this plate the Calcust are magnified twice the an astonishing degree."

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER is for sale by Grocers and Druggists generally

Testimonials which defy all imputation or questions sent to any address.

PROFRIETOR, BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS, VIRGINIA.) Springs are open for guests from June 15th to Oct. 1st. They are reached from all directions over the Danville Division of the Southern Railway.

struck this morning on account of a difference with the Master Painters and Decorators' As sociation. The agreement between both podies, signed April 10 of last year, expired bodies, signed April 10 of last year, expired yesterday. The union had failed to satisfy the bosses. The main features of the new agreement are a day of eight hours, wages 30 cents an hour, with time and a half for overtime and double time for holidays, and individual contracts between the employers and the union. The bosses are willing to accede to all the terms of the agreement except the one requiring individual contracts. They insist that the Master Painters and Decorators Association shall be recognized. The union declines such recognition.

the new Cornell Dam near Croton-on-Hudson, struck for an increase of wages this morning. They demanded an increase of 25 cents a day. The strikers are nearly all Italians. The strike cuts off the supply of stone at the dam and nearly eight hundred men will be thrown out of employment.

Strike in a Sawmill.

A strike of the 500 mill hands employed in Lanser's sawmill at Unionport took place yes

terday to enforce the union demand for \$17 a Gans Knocks "Chicago" Jack Daly Out. PHILADELPHIA, April 2 .- Joe Gans, after aking for four rounds knocked "Chicago"

SULLIVAN GETS THE VERDICT. Has a Narrow Escape From Being Knocked

An incipient riot was barely avoided last night at the Hercules A. C., Brooklyn. As it was, a rough and tumble scrap took place between two spectators in the reserved seats, but the row was quickly suppressed by the police. The disturbance occurred as the result of the meeting between Dave Sullivan and Eddie Gardner, brother to Oscar Gardner. The men came together at 124 pounds for twenty-five rounds, but

Lock-Out of the Staten Island Mechanics.

A lock-out of masons, carpenters and plumbers took place yesterday morning in New Brighton, Staten Island, as a result of the strike of carpenters ordered several days ago against Contractor Robert McDowell, who is building eight cottages on Vanderbilt avenue for George W. Vanderbilt. It was the intention of the carpenters to have a general strike on the victory in view of the favorite at 100 to 60. Sullivan was a hot favorite at 100 to 60. Sullivan was a hot favorite at 100 to 60. Sullivan was a hot favorite at 100 to 60. Sullivan was a hot favorite at 100 to 60. Sullivan was a hot favorite at 100 to 60. In a talk with The Sun reporter after the contest was over, Madden soid:

"Before the mind to the entry five rounds, but the intention, and the narrowest escape in the sixteenth round. The large crowd of sports who were present thought that Gardiner was the billy in the victory in view of the favorite at 100 to 60. Sullivan was a hot favorite at 100 to 60. Sullivan was a hot favorite at 100 to 60. In a talk with The Sun reporter after the contest was over, Madden soid:

"Before the new tentule, the mind the same frequently, and when he will not forget, perhaps, in som The strikers are nearly all Italians. The strike cuts off the supply of stone at the dam and nearly eight hundred men will be thrown out of employment.

Indianapolis Carpenters and Plumbers Out
Indianapolis Carpenters and union plumbers was begun here to-day by which nearly all the men in both organizations put down their tools. Tomorrow none will be working in the city. The carpenters demand an increase in wages from 30 to 35 cents an hour, and the plumbers demand \$3.50 a day for eight hours work.

Wages of Plano Plate Makers Increased.
Greenwich, Conn., April 2.—Davenport & Treacy, the largest piano plate makers in the country, to-day made a voluntary raise in the wages of the men employed in their foundry at Stamford. The men will now receive 30 cents more a day than formerly.

LOUISVILLE, April 2 .- C. F. Burchemeyer received a telegram to-day stating that his fliy. Elizabeth Klein, favorite for the Kentucky Derby, Tennessee Derby and Latonia Oaks, broke a leg while exercising on the Memphis track this afternoon and will have to be shot. Elizabeth Klein is a three-year-old by Imp. Rossington—Betsy Braeck. She showed great form as a two-year-old, her victories including a notable one in the Clipsetta Stakes. Her owner feels the loss more, as he recently resulted an offer of \$8,000 for the filly from A. Featherstone of Chicago, owner of the great three-year-old, Mesmerist.

Jack Daly out in the fifth round at the Penn Art Club to-night. Daly proved himself to be the rankest of counterfelts. 0 4004004000000 0 DON'T

**ARGUE** 

WITH A

LAME BACK.

James A. Shay, of the New York "Clipper," writes as follows: "I cannot find language to express what I think of Warner's Safe Cure. For some years I suffered with kidney trouble and lame back, and could not attend to business, and at times I could hardly walk. I consulted the best doctors I could a hear of, and spent hundreds of dollars purchasing medicine to relieve me, but could obtain no relief, and one year ago I began to take Warner's Safe Chire. I used it faithfully for three months, and improved greatly, and to day consider myself among those who are strong and healthy. I regard Warner's Sale Sure as the one thing in this world needful to those suffering from kidney tro-die."

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